

Louisiana's Water Quality Trading Program

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Presentation Overview

- Background Information
- WQT Basics
- Program Development Drivers
- Program Implementation
- Program Principles
- Administrative Process
- Challenges
- First Certified Credits
- Resources



Background - EPA

- Water Quality Trading [\[https://www.epa.gov/npdes/water-quality-trading\]](https://www.epa.gov/npdes/water-quality-trading)
 - 2003 – Policy
 - 2007 – Toolkit for Permit Writers [\[https://www.epa.gov/npdes/water-quality-trading-toolkit-permit-writers\]](https://www.epa.gov/npdes/water-quality-trading-toolkit-permit-writers)
 - 2019 – Policy Update
 - The Six Market-Based Principles
 1. States, tribes, and stakeholders should consider implementing water quality trading and other market-based programs on a watershed scale.
 2. The EPA encourages the use of adaptive management strategies for implementing market-based programs.
 3. Water quality credits and offsets may be banked for future use.
 4. The EPA encourages simplicity and flexibility in implementing baseline concepts.
 5. A single project may generate credits for multiple markets.
 6. Financing opportunities exist to assist with deployment of nonpoint land use practices.



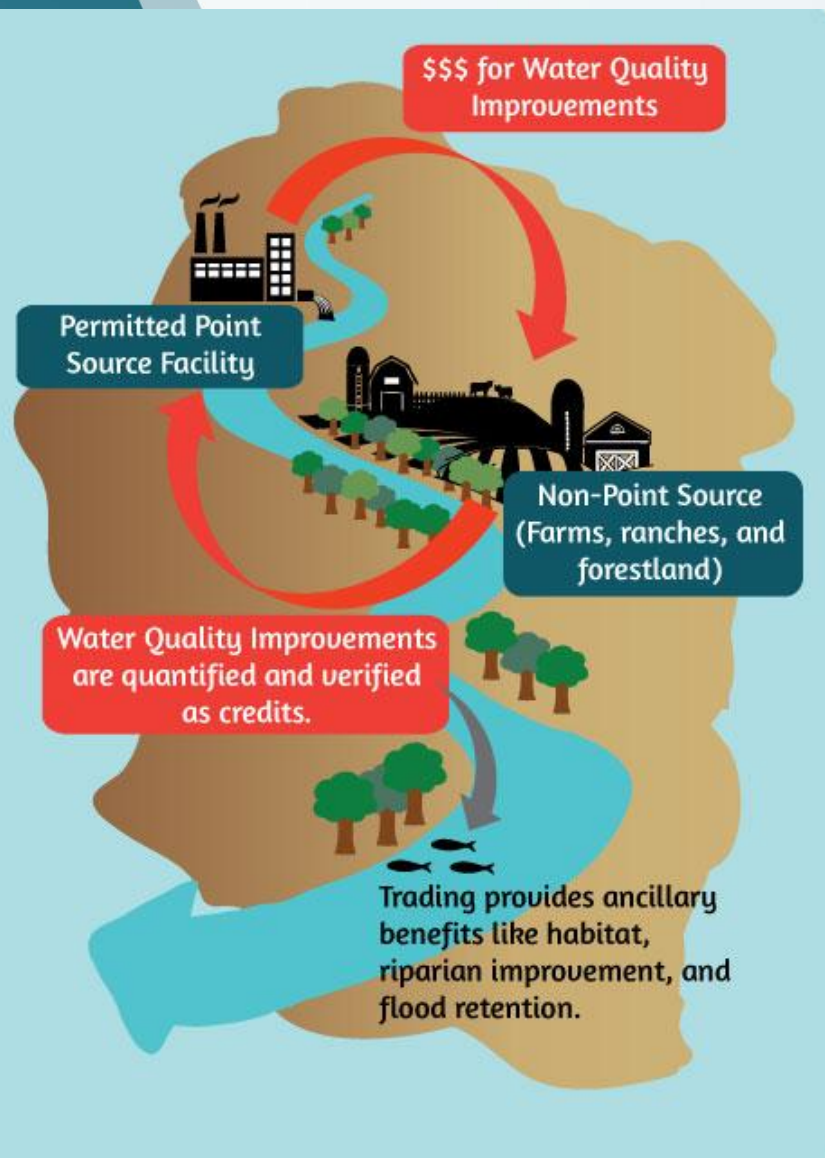
Background - Louisiana

- Mississippi-Atchafalaya River Basin (MARB)
- Nutrient Criteria
 - LAC 33:IX.1113
[<https://deq.louisiana.gov/resources/category/regulations-lac-title-33>]
- TMDLS [https://deq.louisiana.gov/page/tmdl]
 - No Nutrient Allocations
- Voluntary efforts
[https://deq.louisiana.gov/page/nonpoint-source]
 - Best Management Practices



<https://www.epa.gov/ms-htf/mississippiatchafalaya-river-basin-marb>

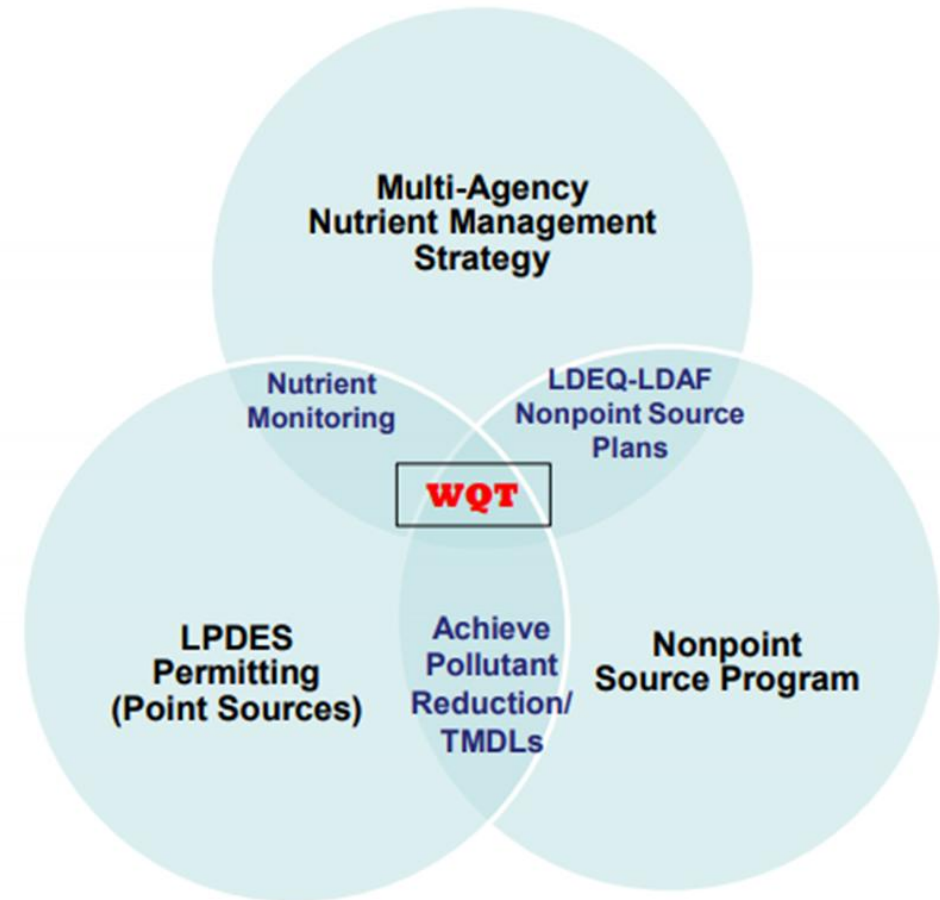
WQT Basics



- Market-based tool
 - Point Source → higher costs of technology for additional pollutant reduction
 - Nonpoint Source → lower costs of BMPs for pollutant reduction
 - Credit = unit of pollution reduced/unit of time
 - Trade
- Achieve timely water quality improvements
- Prevent future environmental degradation
- Reduce cumulative pollutant loading
- Ancillary environmental benefits
 - Carbon sinks
 - Flood retention
 - Riparian and habitat improvement

Louisiana Program Drivers

- Statute 30:2074.B.9 (2011)
 - Point source only trading restricted to areas with TMDLs
- 2014 Louisiana Nutrient Management Strategy
- Act 371 (2017)
 - Point and nonpoint source participation that is not limited to areas covered by TMDLs



Program Development

- LDEQ Implementation Guidance released December 2017
 - *Building a Water Quality Trading Program: Options and Considerations* (2015) [<https://willamettepartnership.org/building-water-quality-trading-program/>]
 - *The Water Quality Trading Toolkit* (2016) [<https://www.acwa-us.org/tools/water-quality-trading-toolkit/>]
 - Collaboration – LDAF, CPRA, USDA-NRCS, Water Synergy Project
- Stakeholder Meetings throughout 2018
 - Main topics of Concern
 - Trading Area – Hydrologic connection
 - Baseline – TMDL requirements if specified
 - Trading Ratio – Uncertainty, delivery, reserve, and retirement
 - Credit Life – Interim and Long-term credits



Program Implementation

- LAC 33:IX.Chapter 26 published October 2019
 - July 20, 2021- Amended to allow eligibility to generate credits with public conservation funds unless otherwise prohibited by the terms and conditions of the public funded project
- Appropriate Pollutants for Trading
 - Nutrients (TN, TP)
 - Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)
 - Sediment (TDS, TSS, Turbidity)
- Inappropriate Pollutants for Trading
 - Persistent bioaccumulative toxics (PBTs)

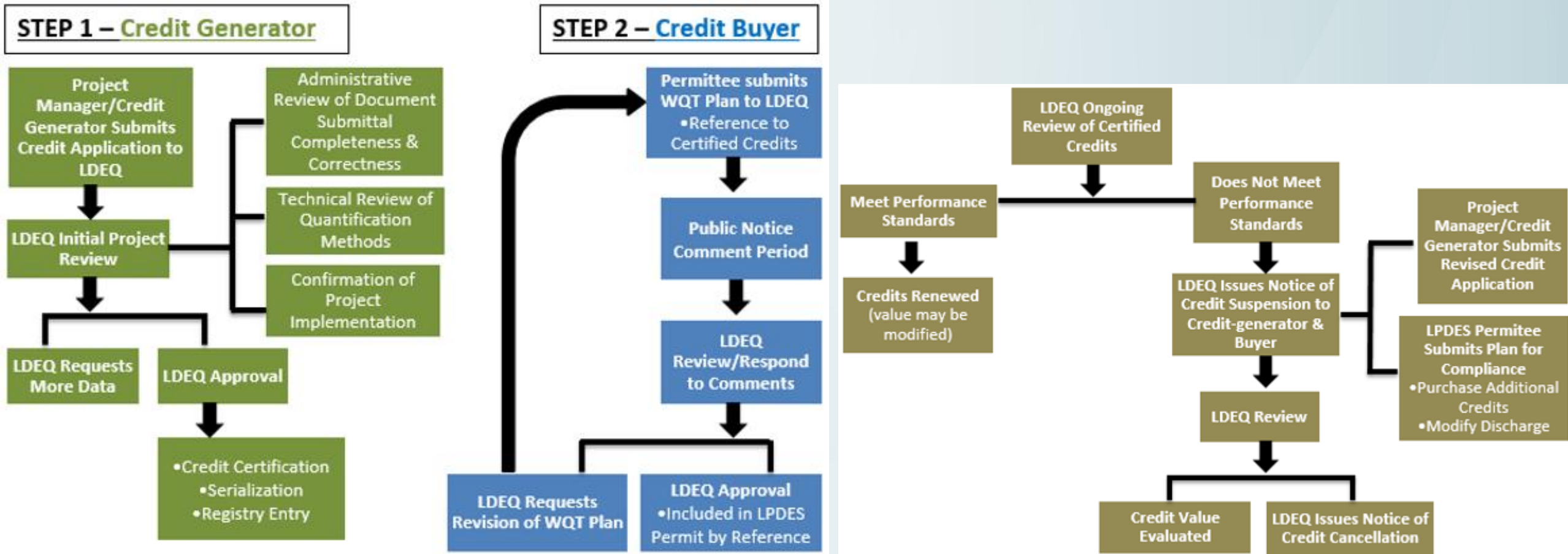


Program Principles

- Results in a net improvement of water quality;
- Contributes to meeting water quality standards;
- Does not cause or contribute to violation of water quality standards, or impairment of designated uses;
- Does not create localized adverse impacts on water quality;
- Is consistent with the antidegradation policy in LAC 33:IX.1109.A;
- Is consistent with local, state, and federal water quality requirements;
- Results in long term improvement in water quality;
- Increases the pace and scale of restoration and attainment of water quality standards; and
- Assists in implementing TMDLs.

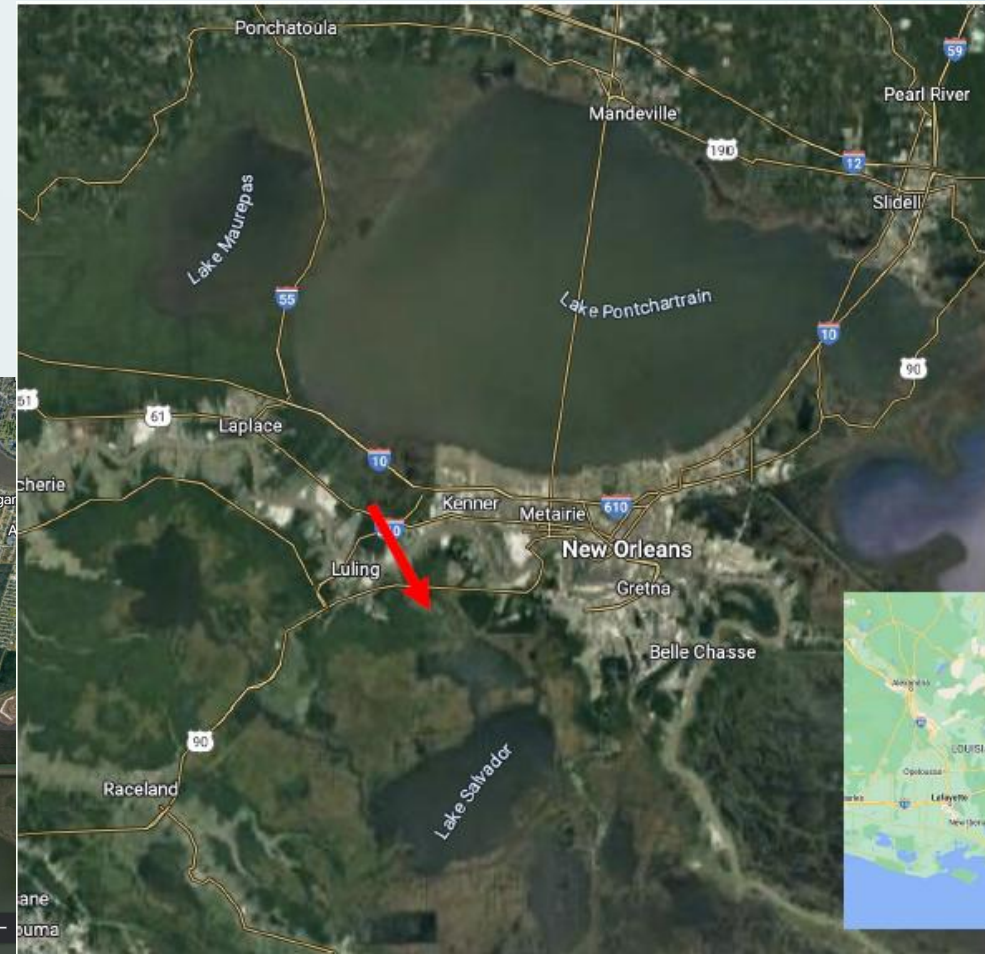


Administrative Process



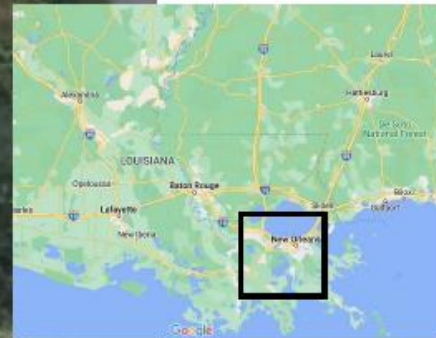
First Certified Credits

- Restore the Earth Foundation – coastal restoration of forested cypress wetlands
 - Salvador Wildlife Management Area - owned and managed by Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries
 - 1,706.6 acres planted downstream of Davis Pond Freshwater Diversion
 - Implementation verification - LDWF land manager



The WMA is located about 12 miles southwest of New Orleans, and just east of Luling.

Access only by boat, primarily via Bayou Segnette from Westwego into Lake Cataouatche, then west to the planting areas



First Certified Credits

- Credit Quantification

- Nitrogen and Phosphorus availability estimates from nearby monitoring stations
- Nitrogen uptake formula adapted from the 2009 Jenkins paper “Valuing Ecosystem Services from Wetlands Restoration in the Mississippi Alluvial Valley.”
 - Average retention capacity of bald cypress reforested land is 37.94 lbs/ac/yr
- Phosphorus retention calculated based on “Effects of Forest Management on Biogeochemical Functions in Southern Forested Wetlands,” (Walbridge and Lockaby, 1994)
 - Low range of retention is 1.23 lbs/ac/yr

- Credit Certification

Applicant quantification methodology estimates: Nitrogen reduction = 31,408 lbs first year Phosphorous reduction = 418 lbs first year	Uncertainty Ratio 10%	LDEQ Certified Credits: Nitrogen Credit = 28,267 lbs 2024-2025 Phosphorous Credit = 376 lbs 2024-2025
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Challenges

- Voluntary Participation
- TMDLs do not have nutrient load allocations
- Translating narrative nutrient criteria
- Trading Ratios
- Quantification Tools
- Participation Deterrents
 - Point Source
 - Transaction Costs
 - Risk
 - Nonpoint Source
 - Regulatory overstep
 - Uncertainty of pollutant reduction quantification



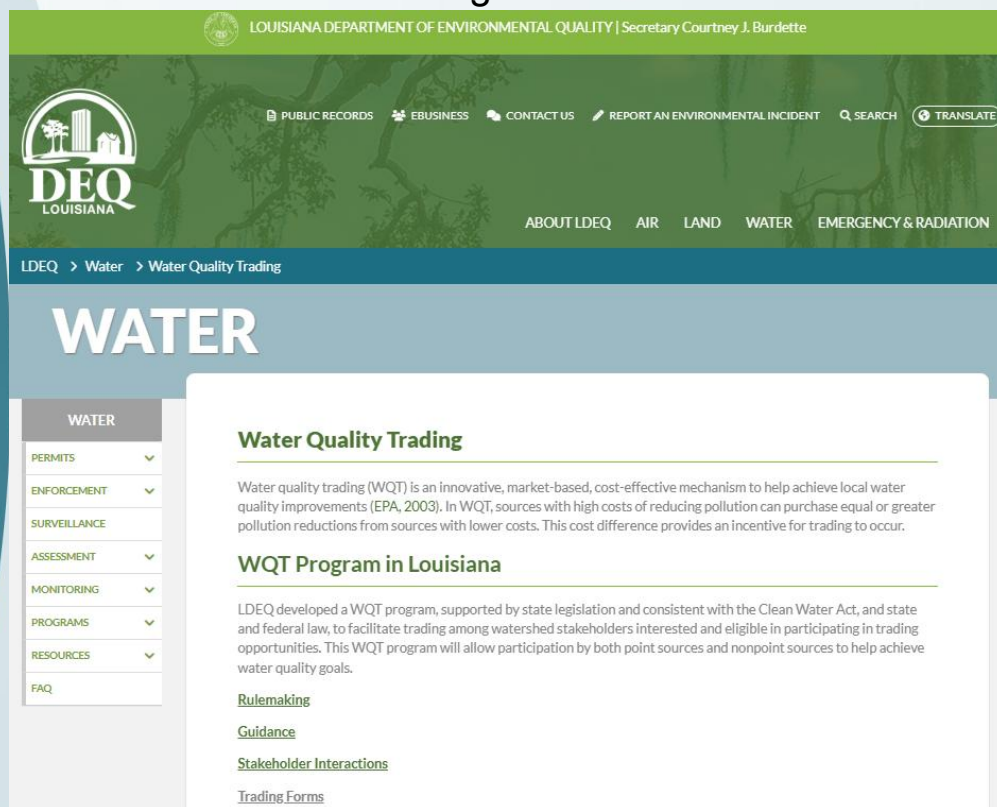
Next Steps

- Incentivize participation
 - Point Source Permittee
 - Reserve pool of applicable credits
 - Nonpoint Source
 - Conservation/restoration projects are eligible to participate
 - Public Outreach
 - Community involvement can encourage other stakeholders to participate
- Credit Renewal



WQT Resources

- LDEQ Water Quality Trading Webpage: <http://deq.louisiana.gov/page/water-quality-trading>
 - Rulemaking
 - Guidance
 - Stakeholder Meetings



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DEQ LOUISIANA

PUBLIC RECORDS EBUSINESS CONTACT US REPORT AN ENVIRONMENTAL INCIDENT SEARCH TRANSLATE

ABOUT LDEQ AIR LAND WATER EMERGENCY & RADIATION

LDEQ > Water > Water Quality Trading

WATER

WATER

PERMITS

ENFORCEMENT

SURVEILLANCE

ASSESSMENT

MONITORING

PROGRAMS

RESOURCES

FAQ

Water Quality Trading

Water quality trading (WQT) is an innovative, market-based, cost-effective mechanism to help achieve local water quality improvements (EPA, 2003). In WQT, sources with high costs of reducing pollution can purchase equal or greater pollution reductions from sources with lower costs. This cost difference provides an incentive for trading to occur.

WQT Program in Louisiana

LDEQ developed a WQT program, supported by state legislation and consistent with the Clean Water Act, and state and federal law, to facilitate trading among watershed stakeholders interested and eligible in participating in trading opportunities. This WQT program will allow participation by both point sources and nonpoint sources to help achieve water quality goals.

[Rulemaking](#)

[Guidance](#)

[Stakeholder Interactions](#)

[Trading Forms](#)

- WQT Forms

All forms and supporting documentation are to be submitted to wq.trading@la.gov.

Credit Generator

LAC 33:IX. Chapter 26 requires that a credit-generating project/activity go through project review, be in place, and be producing water quality benefits prior to participating in WQT.

- Water Quality Trading Credit Application

Credit Buyer

LAC 33:IX. Chapter 26 requires that any entity wishing to purchase credits must submit a WQT Plan.

- Water Quality Trading Plan

Credit Renewal/Monitoring

LAC 33:IX. Chapter 26 requires periodic monitoring and reporting on a credit-generating project/activity.

- Water Quality Trading Credit Renewal/Monitoring Report

- WQT Registry

LDEQ Certified Pollutant Reduction Credits								
Project Documents	Applicant	Project Serialization Number	Project Type and Location	Pollutant Reduced	Certification Date	Credit Expiration/Renewal Date	Total Certified Credits ¹	Status
14463940 14506703	EcoMetrics on behalf of Restore the Earth Foundation	20230726_REF	Reforestation Project in LDEQ subsegment LA020303_00	Total Phosphorous (TP) (lb./year)	09/10/2024	09/10/2025	376 TP (lb./year)	Available
			Lake Cataouatche and Tributaries	Total Nitrogen (TN) (lb./year)	09/10/2024	09/10/2025	28,267 TN (lb./year)	Available

Questions?

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