



Implementing the James River Nutrient TMDL

Mike Kruse, Watershed Protection Section

Silver Bell Mobile Home and RV Park WWTP Tuscany Hills Subdivision WWT River Downs West Subdivision WW Ozark Correctional Genter WWTF Elk Valley WWTF Cedar Hill Apartments WV Fremont Hills WWTP Rogersville WWTP Hidden Valley Merchant's Field WW/TF Hurley WWTF Woodridge South Subdivision WWTF Crane WWTF, South Oaks MHP WWTP Valley Woods Water Co. WWTP Christian Salena Abes ville School WWTP Ozark ARKANSAS

About the James River Nutrient TMDL

- Approved in 2001
 - But not fully implemented until 2022
 - Success story? Lessons learned?
- "Phased TMDL"
 - Not really. More staged and adaptive Implementation
 - See EPA 2006 guidance memo:
 "Clarification Regarding "Phased"
 Total Maximum Daily Loads"



Implementation in Phases Phase 1 & 2 Reduce Phosphorus

Phase 1

- Reduce TP from point sources
- 2001-present

Phase 2

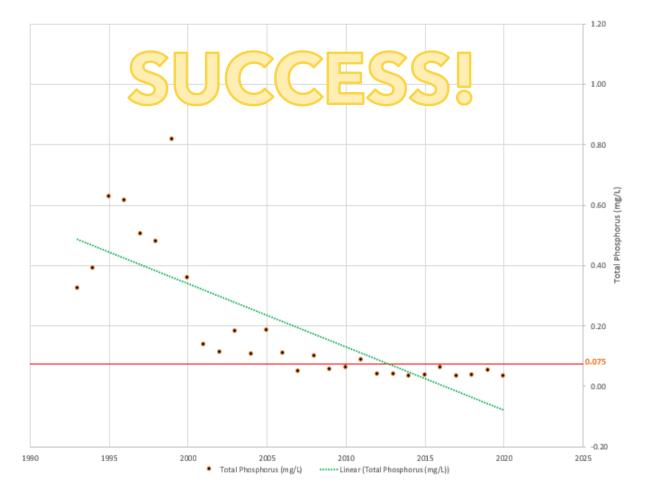
- Reduce TP from nonpoint sources
- 2004-present

ACTIONS

State regulation limits point source TP discharges in the Table Rock Lake Watershed to 0.5 mg/L

\$3.7 Million Section 319 Funds

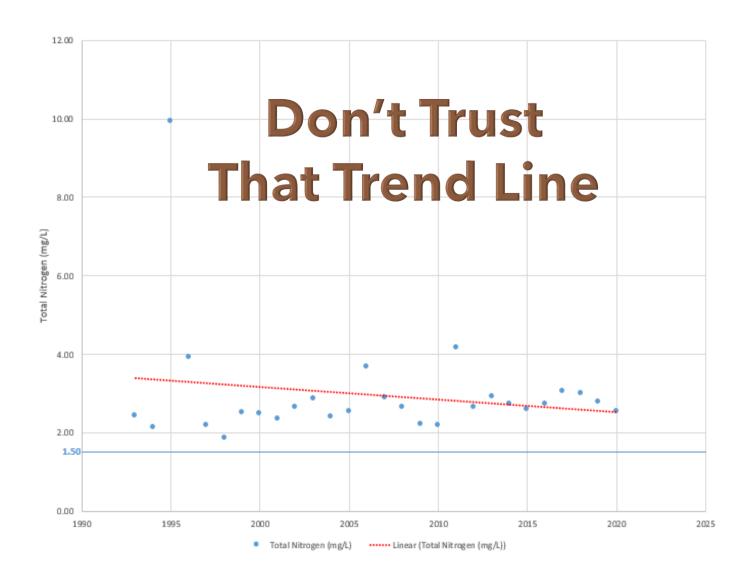
\$1.7 Million State Cost-Share





What About Nitrogen?

- TMDL had a Nitrogen WLA
 - Never Implemented in permits?
- Table Rock Lake (downstream)
 - 303(d) List for Nitrogen Impairment
- Expanded Design Flows
 - Nearly twice the flow as there was in 2001





Phase 3 Point Source Reductions of Total Nitrogen

- Watershed-based permitting framework
- Potential nutrient trading
- Framework establishes:
 - Identify Applicable Facilities
 - TN Limitations and Monitoring
 - TN Wasteload Allocations
 - o TN Trading
 - Reporting

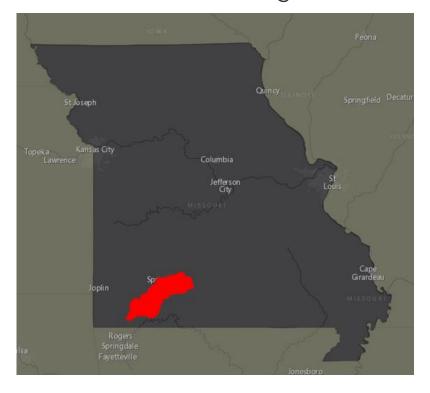
- Facilities < 100,000 gpd
 - o Optimize
 - Monitoring
- Facilities ≥ 100,000 gpd
 - o Optimize
 - o 12-year SOC
 - TN Wasteload Allocation
 - Mass-based Limit
 - Concentration Goal



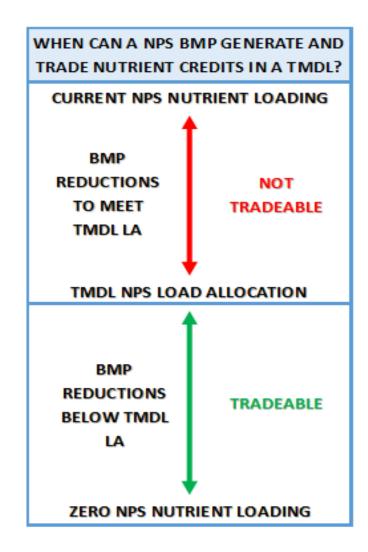


Notes About Nutrient Trading in Missouri

TMDL Implementation Establishes a Restricted Trading Zone



- NPS practices must first achieve load allocations according to their respective land use category before generating credits.
- The ability of established nonpoint source Best Management Practices (BMPs) to generate nutrient reductions will be determined on a per-treated acre or per field basis.
- Only reductions achieved below the NPS load allocation (represented in annual average pounds per acre) will be eligible for trading.





Contact Info

TMDLs / 303(d) / Water Quality Standards / Section 319 grants

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Nutrient Trading

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