ACWA 319/NPS Workgroup Webinar: NWQI NRCS FY20 Bulletin

6.17.19

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USEPA- Lynda Hall, Erika Larsen

Outline of the call

- EPA: Introduction, overview of FY16 NWQI reporting water quality results
- NRCS: Overview of program changes as reflected in the FY20 NWQI Bulletin
 - Overview of changes and discussion of NRCS April interim NWQI assessment
 - Actions needed for FY20
 - Watershed Selection Consideration
- NRCS: Elements of watershed assessment requirements
- Q&A for NRCS



Water Quality Improvements from FY16 NWQI Reporting

- 27% of NWQI monitoring watersheds have detected an improvement in water quality in at least one of their monitored pollutants (based on FY16 data)
 - 81% of water quality improvements in these watersheds can be attributed to or associated with agricultural conservation practices
- States reported that nine stream reaches or waterbody impairments were removed (or proposed for removal) from states' 303(d) lists because they are now meeting one or more water quality standards

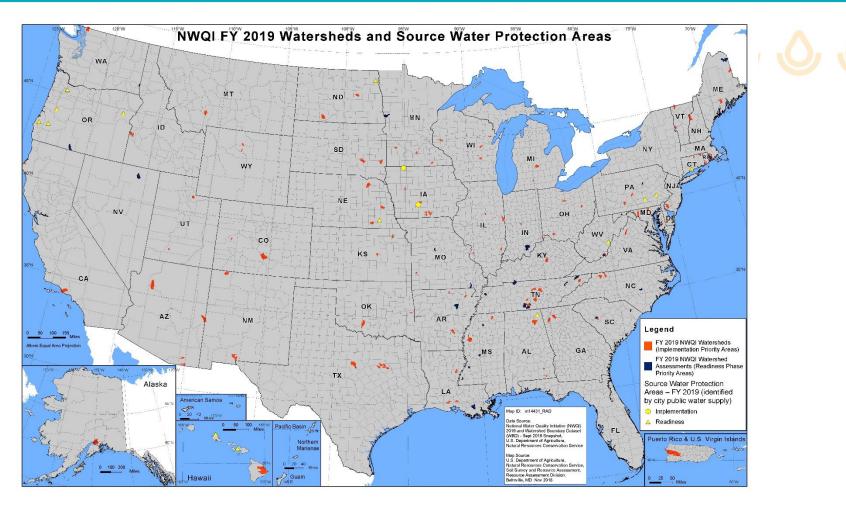


United States Department of Agriculture

NATIONAL WATER QUALITY INITIATIVE (NWQI)

ACWA Webinar June 17, 2019 Natural Resources Conservation Service

Area Wide Planning Branch



Partnering with EPA, state water quality agencies and drinking water utilities for water quality improvement

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National Water Quality Initiative (NWQI)

- Priority watersheds are selected in collaboration with state water quality agencies, facilitated by EPA
- NWQI addresses surface waters impaired under the Clean Water Act, and protects/restores drinking water sources (both surface and ground water)
- Focus pollutants nutrients, sediments, pathogens
- Long-term goal of NWQI is to achieve water quality improvements through accelerated conservation practice implementation

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Overview of NWQI Changes for FY19-FY23

- Each watershed must have a watershed plan or assessment that meets NRCS guidance - done at a scale to inform practice implementation needs. NRCS is responsible for this assessment, and may use partners to assist.
- Currently approved watersheds without assessments may:
 - Work to develop an assessment if there are still treatment needs, or
 - Request to withdraw if they meet withdrawal criteria
- NRCS will develop a multi-year NWQI implementation plan for the watershed documenting the schedule of activity and funding needs in order to receive financial assistance for implementation
- The source water protection component started in FY19 will beervation continued in FY20 (ASDWA webinar June 25 12-130pm ET)^{Service}



Preparing for Changes

- Phased approach to begin the transition in FY19 all new watersheds requesting the implementation phase had to have a watershed assessment and an implementation plan.
- FY19 bulletin encouraged NRCS State Conservationists (STCs) to use FY19 as a preparatory year to work with partners to develop or complete assessments meeting guidance for currently approved watersheds that did not have an assessment.
- In March 2019, NRCS put out a bulletin to STCs reminding them of these upcoming changes, and requesting they work with partners to determine the path of currently approved watersheds that lacked assessments.
 - At least 25 states had currently approved watersheds that they may be considering to withdraw in FY20
 - For those NWQI watersheds that states plan to continue, only about 20% have assessments that meet guidance. Some states planned to use the readiness phase in FY20 to develop the needed assessmentsurces

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- Can continue in NWQI implementation phase ONLY IF an assessment meeting NRCS guidance and an implementation plan is complete
- If the assessment is missing, NRCS state offices may request the readiness phase in FY20 to complete an assessment and implementation plan
- NRCS leadership is considering whether watersheds will continue to receive financial assistance for one year as they work to complet esources the assessments



NRCS Actions Needed for FY20 0 0 FOR CURRENTLY APPROVED WATERSHEDS IN IMPLEMENTATION PHASE:

- NRCS state office requests to withdraw the watershed, in concurrence with state water quality agency
- Must meet the criteria for withdrawal: \bullet
 - Evidence that treatment goals have been met, or will be met through other resources
 - Evidence of low producer participation
- Any NWQI watersheds proposed for withdrawal that will continue monitoring by the state water quality agency will be placed in "NWQI Monitoring Watershed" category but will not receive financial assistance Natural through NWQI

Resources Conservation Service





- Can proceed to the implementation phase ONLY IF an assessment meeting guidance has been completed
- Readiness watersheds ready for implementation – NRCS state offices provide a map of critical source areas and an NWQI implementation plan to NHQ
- Readiness watersheds needing additional time conservation should notify NHQ



NRCS Actions Needed for FY20 0 0 0 0 0

- Must meet eligibility criteria
- Must have an assessment that meets NRCS guidance
- Must complete a multi-year NWQI implementation plan and provide a map of critical source areas
- If no assessment, or it doesn't meet guidance, can be submitted as a request for readiness phase by ural completing readiness proposal



Watershed Selection Considerations

In addition to eligibility criteria for surface water quality (impaired, TMDL, threatened, critical), NRCS State Offices will consider the following for selection:

- Is there adequate technical capacity in the watershed, from NRCS or ۲ partners, to conduct sufficient outreach and technical assistance to meet project goals?
- Does a network of partnering agencies already exist that can carry out identified activities needed to meet goals?
- Is there sufficient density of producers and producer interest to meet project goals?
- Can partners conduct instream monitoring to track the change in water quality attributed to NWQI practices? Can partners assist in developing and measuring other metrics that can be used to assess progress? Conservation







Watershed or SWPA Assessments 🛆 🛆 🖉 🎸

NRCS state offices must provide an actionable watershed plan or assessment that meets *NWQI* Assessment Guidance:

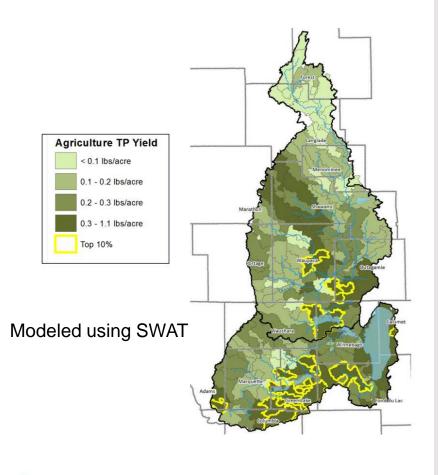
- Sufficient watershed assessment to guide the siting and implementation of conservation practices at the HUC-12 level for greatest water quality benefit
- Identification of critical source areas <u>within</u> the watershed for identified pollutants of concern
- Established watershed goals/objectives for water quality improvement, with specific metrics that can establish progress towards these goals
- Outreach strategies for implementation on vulnerable acres
- These assessments can be in any format and information can be provided in multiple documents for the watershed
 Resources
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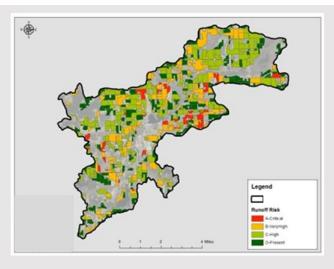


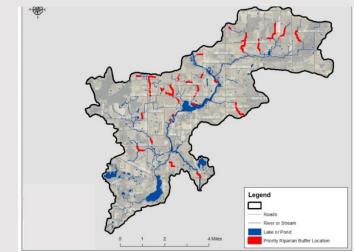




Elements of Watershed Assessment:









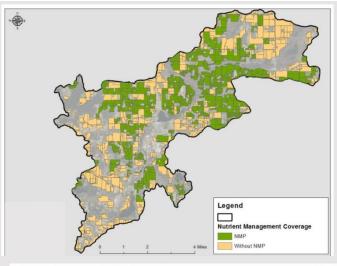
Elements of Watershed Assessment:

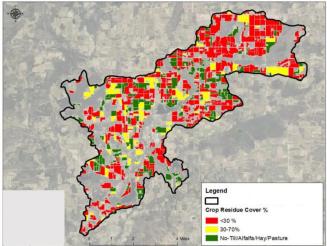
Practice Group	Practice Code	Practice Name		Quantity
	313	Waste Storage Facility		1
	CAP102	Comprehensive Nutrient Management Plan		3
Farmstead	561	Heavy Use Area Protection	sq ft	1111
	558	Roof Runoff Structure	no	1
	367	Roofs and Covers	no	1
	620	Underground Outlet	sq ft	250
	382	Fence	ft	4210
Pasture	512	Forage and Biomass Planting		5.4
Fasture	516	Livestock Pipeline		1087
	528	Prescribed Grazing		47.4
	340	Cover Crop		123
	441	Irrigation System, Microirrigation	ac	0.1
	590	Nutrient Management		650.7
Agronomic (Cropland)	325	Seasonal High Tunnel System for Crops		5040
(Cropiand)	612	Tree/Shrub Establishment		2.4
	620	Underground Outlet		1850
	638	Water and Sediment Control Basin	no	6
Other Rural Land	658	Wetland Creation	ac	1

NRCS practices implemented in the watershed

Practices implemented using other funding sources

Practice Name	Units	Quantity	Funding	
Animal lot abandonment/relocation	each	1	TRM	
Animal Walkway	each	1	LWRM	
Barnyard Runoff Control	each	1	TRM	
Critical Area Seeding	acre	1	NOD	
Feed Lot Runoff Control	each	1	NOD	
Filter strip	each	1	LWRM	
Roof Runoff	each	1	LWRM	
Underground Outlet	each	9	NOD, LWRM	
Waste Storage	each	2	TRM	
Waste Transfer	each	7	TRM	
Water and Sediment Control Basin	each	10	NOD, LWRM	





Best Management Practice	Unit	Quantity	Total Practice Cost per unit	Total Estimated Cost	NRCS Payment per unit	NRCS Total Cost
No-till/Reduced Tillage ¹	ac	5,300	18.50	294,150.0	15.12	240,408.00
Cover Crops ¹	ac	5,000	70.00	1,050,000.0	62.48	937,200.00
Grassed Waterway	ln ft	5,200	5.00	26,000.0	3.64	18,928.00
Filter Strip/Riparian Buffer	ac	83	4,000.00	332,000.0	511.20	42,429.60
Water and Sediment Control Basin (System including underground outlet)	each	20	7,000.00	140,000.0	varies*	NA
Critical Area Planting (gully and concentrated flow stabilization)	ac	20	200.00	4,000.0	140.45	2,809.00
Prescribed Grazing ²	ac	500	30.00	45,000.0	21.75	32,625.00
Nutrient Management ³	ac	4,300	10.00	172,000.0	25.97	335,013.00
Wetland Restoration/Creation	ac	15	15,000.00	225,000.0	varies*	NA
Low Disturbance Manure Injection	ac	900	58.00	52,200.0	NA	NA

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	10 Year 1	Management N	leasures Plan	Matrix			
Recommendations	Indicators	0-3 years	Milestones 3-7 years	7-10 years	Timeline	Funding Sources	Implementation
 Management Objective: Reduce the amount of sediment and phosphorus loading from agricultural land. 							
 a) Application of conservation practices to cropland. These practices include¹: Increase acreage of conservation tillage (No till, Strip till, Mulch Till) in watershed area. Fields must meet 30% residue. Implement use of cover crops. Use of low disturbance manure injection on fields with cover crops & reduced tillage. Prescribed grazing Nutrient Management 	7,800 acres cropland with conservation practices applied	2,400	4,000	1,400	0-10 years	EQIP, TRM, GLRI, CSP, AM, WQT, MDV, LWRM	NRCS, LWCD
 b) Stabilization of gullies and concentrated flow paths (Critical Area Planting, Grassed/Lined Waterway, WASCOB, etc). 	# of linear feet stabilized	14,000	20,780	10,000	0-10 years	EQIP, CREP, AM, WQT, MDV, LWRM	NRCS, LWCD
c) Critical area plantings to stabilize concentrated flow areas.	# acres of critical area plantings	6	10	4	0-10 years	GLRI, EQIP, MDV, LWRM	NRCS, LWCD

Estimate Load Reductions Using STEP-L

Management Measure Category	Total Units	Total Cost(\$)	Estimated Load Reduction			
Management Measure Category	(size/length)	Total Cost(\$)	TP (lbs/yr)	Percent	TSS (t/yr)	Percent
Vegetative Riparian Buffers	83 acres	332,000.00	1,491.0	12.8	194.0	9.7
Farmstead Practices (vegetated treatment area, waste storage including transfer, clean water diversions, fencing, waste treatment, roof runoff management, critical area plantings maintenance/repair of existing	20 Sites	3,640,000.00	771.0	6.6	NA	NA
Practices applied to Cropland (Conservation Tillage/Residue Management, Cover Crops, Nutrient Management, Low Disturbance Manure Injection, Prescribed Grazing) 1	7,800 acres	1,613,350.00	4,970.0	42.6	750.0	37.6
Gully/Concentrated Flow Stabilization (Grassed Waterways, Critical Area Planting, Lined Waterway, WASCOBs, etc)	44,781 ft/ 20 WASCOBs	170,000.00	132.0	1.1	252.0	12.6
Wetland Restoration/Creation	15 acres	225,000.00	170.0	1.5	44.0	2.2
Upland Habitat Restoration (Conservation cover and tree plantings)	30 acres	18,600.00	24.0	0.2	5.0	0.3
	Total	5,998,950.00	7,558.0	64.8	1,240.0	62.2

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REQUIRED: Maximize practice implementation on critical source areas within the watershed. The % of critical source areas with conservation by the end of the project should be a value (e.g. 50%) determined through the assessment/planning process.	% of critical source areas with conservation	
(Example) 35% increase in the amount of acres with conservation that have received full treatment (avoid, control and trap) by the end of the project for identified water quality concerns.	% of treated acres that moved to full treatment status over the course of the project	ion
(Example) Achieve a documented % in N and P loads through water quality modeling at pour point in sub-watershed by 2023.	lb/yr measured from baseline	.gov

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Information and Education Plan Implementation Matrix								
Information and Education Action	Target Audience	Recommendations	Schedule	Outcomes	Cost	Implementation		
Educate agricultural andowners and operators about the plan, its recommendation actions, and technical assistance and funding available.	Agricultural landowners/ operators	 Distribute educational materials on conservation practices and programs. One on one contact with individual landowners to provide tools and resources. Orchestrate group meetings with agricultural landowners in watershed to share knowledge and foster community connections for long term solutions. Offer workshops to agricultural landowners to educate them on conservation practices that should be used to preserve the land and protect water resources. Establish & tour local demonstration farms and other sites that have implemented conservation practices. Hold field days at demonstration sites to demonstrate new equipment and practices. 	0-10 years	 Agricultural landowners are informed about conservation practices, cost share programs, and technical assistance available to them. Increase in interest in utilizing and installing conservation practices. Improved communication between agricultural landowners, willingness to share ideas, and learn from other agricultural landowners. Agricultural landowners recognize the benefit of conservation farming practices and how it improves water quality. Agricultural landowners see success of conservation practices as well as problems that can be 	\$20,000	NRCS, CD, Extension		

Goal of the outreach strategy is determine best approaches to engage producers, especially those whose operations may contain vulnerable areas ral urces Conservation Service



Multi-Year NWQI Implementation Plan

Required for NWQI watersheds beginning in FY2020

- Developed by NRCS spreadsheet template
- Based on information from the watershed assessment/watershed plans
- Includes information on:
 - Watershed characteristics
 - Proposed budget by year
 - Conservation systems that will be used and list of practices planned to be implemented each year
 - Metrics that will be used to measure progress
 - Identified critical source areas
 - Producer interest and partner involvement/assistance

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