Association of Clean Water Administrators

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

JUNE 30, 2014

Association of Clean Water Administrators

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Association of Clean Water Administrators Washington, DC

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Association of Clean Water Administrators (ACWA) (a District of Columbia not-for-profit organization) which comprises the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2014 and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of ACWA's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Association of Clean Water Administrators as of June 30, 2014, and the changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

September 30, 2014

ASSOCIATION OF CLEAN WATER ADMINISTRATORS Statement of Financial Position

As of June 30, 2014

ASSETS	
Checking/Savings	Ø 27.5A4
Non-interest bearing operating account Money market accounts	\$ 36,544 300,520
Total Checking/Savings	337,065
Grants and Accounts Receivable	
Grant receivable	27,841
FY14 Member dues receivable	11,270
Other accounts receivable	980
	40,091
Marketable Securities Held for Investment	461,959
Property and Furniture	
Office furniture and equipment	15,373
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,860)
Total Property and Furniture	11,513
Other Assets	
Security deposit	5,300
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 855,927
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 35,487
Deferred revenue	261,797
Total Liabilities	297,284
Net Assets	
Unrestricted net assets	558,643

TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY

855,927

\$

ASSOCIATION OF CLEAN WATER ADMINISTRATORS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Support, revenue and gains:	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Total		
Federal research grants and exchange contracts Contributions and sponsorships Meeting and program fees Membership dues Interest and dividends Miscellaneous income/reimbursements/adjustments	\$ - 6,950 64,899 691,714 8,147 8,021	\$ 173,772	\$ 173,772 6,950 64,899 691,714 8,147 8,021		
Released from grantor restrictions	779,731 173,772	(173,772)	953,503		
Expenses and losses:					
Contract and research program expenses Membership program Meetings and conferences Outreach and other programmatic activities	\$ 173,772 300,565 172,451 24,552 671,340	\$ - - - -	\$ 173,772 300,565 172,451 24,552 671,340		
General and administrative Fund raising and development	229,973 3,661 233,634	<u>.</u> <u>.</u> <u>.</u>	229,973 3,661 233,634		
Total expenses	904,974		904,974		
Change in net assets before unrealised gains (losses) on marketable securities held for investment	48,529	-	48,529		
Unrealized gains (losses) on marketable securities held for investment	19,421		19,421		
Change in net assets	67,950	-	67,950		
Net assets, beginning	490,693		490,693		
Net assets, ending	\$ 558,643	\$ -	\$ 558,643		

ASSOCIATION OF CLEAN WATER ADMINISTRATORS Statement of Functional Expenses For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

PROGRAM SERVICES

	EPA	o	utreach	eetngs and onferences	Me	mbership Support and Services		Total Programs	_	eneral & ninistrative	Rais	Fund ing/Advocacy		Total
Salaries	\$ 86,346	\$	9,359	\$ 71,241	\$	175,616	\$	342,562	\$	131,296	\$	1,404	\$	475,262
Fringe benefits and payroll taxes	25,958		3,250	21,740		54,728		105,676		45,794		347		151,817
Travel	14,767		7,049	8,770		9,149		39,735		2,193		1,556		43,484
Conference and Meetings	2,780		979	47,904		1,865		53,528		3,105		36		56,669
Bank and Credit Card Fees	•		-	-		-		· <u>-</u>		1,634		-		1,634
Printing & Reproduction	1,346		-	1,971		830		4,147		2,934		-		7,081
Professional Fees and Contract Labor	2,072		570	1,803		18,368		22,813		22,220		56		45,089
Other Operating Expenses	32,916		1,829	13,161		25,623		73,529		5,413		174		79,116
Occupancy	7,587		1,516	5,861		14,386		29,350		13,316		88		42,754
Depreciation Expense	-		-	-						2,068				2,068
	\$ 173,772	\$	24,552	\$ 172,451	\$	300,565	<u>\$</u>	671,340	\$	229,973	<u>\$</u>	3,661	<u>\$</u>	904,974

ASSOCIATION OF CLEAN WATER ADMINISTRATORS Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Change in net assets	\$	67,950
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income		•
to net cash provided by operations:		
Depreciation expense		2,068
Unrealized gains on marketable securities held for investment		(19,421)
(Increase) decrease in membership dues receivable		(11,270)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		1,467
(Increase) decrease in grants receivable		(27,841)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and security deposits		7,100
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		11,232
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		67,555
Net cash provided by Operating Activities		98,840
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of marketable securities, net of sales and reinvested maturities		(42,346)
Purchase of fixed assets, net of dispositions		(8,832)
		(51,178)
Total adjustments		47,662
Cash and money market balances at beginning of period		289,403
Cash and money market balances at end of period	<u>s</u>	337,065

There are no non-cash investing and/or financing activities for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 1 - Organization and Purpose

The Association of Clean Water Administrators (ACWA) is a not for-profit corporation established in the District of Columbia in 1986 as the Association of State and Interstate Water Pollution Control Administrators (ASIWPCA). On September 23, 2011 ASIWPCA officially changed its name to ACWA.

ACWA is an independent, nonpartisan organization of state water program managers and serves as a liaison between and among the states. ACWA also provides for coordination and communication between the federal government and the public and private sectors. The primary sources of revenue are member dues and grants from USEPA. As of June 30, 2014, grants receivable from USEPA totaled \$13,023.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of ACWA have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958, Not-for-Profit Entities

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, and money market funds as of June 30, 2014 are included in cash in the accompanying financial statements and are treated as cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows. Money market accounts and those investments with high liquidity and considered cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Equipment

Equipment is carried at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets by straight-line methods. Computer equipment is depreciated over three years. Furniture and equipment are depreciated over seven years. Leased equipment is depreciated over the life of the lease

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the financial statement date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the years then ended. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Membership Dues Receivables

ACWA utilizes the direct write-off method for membership dues that are not collectible. Membership dues collected in advance of the fiscal year actually due appear as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position. Prior year uncollectible accounts are directly written off as bad debt expense. Current year membership dues deemed uncollectible are removed from membership dues revenue. As of June 30, 2014, collectible membership dues relating to FY 14 totaled \$11,270 which management believes will be fully collectible.

Investments

In accordance with FASB ASC Sub-Topic 958-320 relating to the accounting for certain investments held by non-profit organizations, investments are carried at estimated fair value based on quoted market prices. Investments received through gifts are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Investment income or losses (including realized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) are reported when earned and included as operating activities in the Statement of Activity. Unrealized gains and losses have been classified as other (income) losses in the Statement of Activities. In the absence of any donor-imposed or legal restrictions on how investment income may be used, gains are reported as an increase in unrestricted net assets. A loss, realized or unrealized, is recorded as a decrease in unrestricted net assets. If restrictions do exist on the use of an investment, the gain or loss is shown as an increase or decrease in either temporarily or permanently restricted net assets, depending on the type of restriction existing. Investment income (i.e., interest and dividends) earned during the year is reported as an increase in unrestricted net assets, unless the income's use is restricted; in that case, temporarily or permanently restricted net assets are increased depending upon the restriction.

Risk and Uncertainties

Investment securities including cash equivalents are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risk in the near term would materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Revenue and support are recognized by the Organization when the unconditional promise to give by a donor is assured. Certain grants and awards stipulate that the grantor will reimburse expenditures incurred by the Organization on their behalf once the Organization submits these expenditures for approval. The grantor retains discretionary rights on all expenditures incurred on their behalf. Expenditures funded by unrestricted net assets prior to the receipt of the unconditional promise to pay from the donor are recorded as a reduction to unrestricted net assets. As of June 30, 2014, grants receivable from EPA relating to FY14 expenditures totaled \$27,841. The grant period is March 7, 2012 through February 28, 2015.

Accounts payable and accrued expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2014 are comprised of the following:

Description	Amount			
Accounts payable - vendors	\$ 8,532			
Credit card	2,682			
Accrued vacation - unused and payable as of June 30, 2014	24,273			
	\$ 35,487			

Deferred Revenue

Membership dues are recognized in the period to which they apply. The dues cycle is a twelve-month period beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of each year. The invoices for FY 15 dues were sent to members during FY 14. Deferred revenue is recorded for dues received in the current fiscal year for future periods. As of June 30, 2014, \$254,597 of FY15 dues and \$7,200 of FY15 meeting sponsorships were received during the year ended June 30, 2014 and have been properly deferred to FY15.

Expense Allocation

The costs of providing program services and management and general expenses have been summarized on a functional basis. Identifiable expenses are charged to programs and supporting services, and expenses related to more than one function are directly allocated as an expense of that program. Management and general expenses include those indirect expenses that are incurred to the mutual benefit of the Organization and its programs and are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide for the overall support.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

ACWA is exempt from federal income taxes pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been classified as an organization other than a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2). Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been recorded in the financial statements.

Uncertain tax positions

In accordance with the disclosure provisions of FASB ASC Sub-Topic 740-19 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, ACWA has no uncertain tax positions requiring disclosure or accrual occurred for the year ended June 30, 2014. The open tax years are fiscal years FY 12; FY 13; and FY 14.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurement

The Organization complies with FASB ASC Topic 820, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are as follows:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access. These investments are considered highly liquid instruments which include money market instruments, corporate securities and mutual funds.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets:
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability:

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurement (continued)

Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by
observable market data by correlation or other means if the
asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2
input must be observable for substantially the full term of the
asset or liability. Level 2 securities include U.S. government
and agency securities and bonds, corporate bonds, commercial
paper and other investments with maturity dates greater than 3
months.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These investments would include corporate stocks not actively traded, agency, loans receivable, and other non-marketable investments. As of June 30, 2014, there were no Level 3 investments.

The asset's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. While the Organization believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

As of June 30, 2014, all investments are considered unrestricted funds. The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Organization's investment assets at fair value as of June 30, 2014:

		Assets	Fair Val	lue Hier	archy	Level	-
Description	Me	easured at air Value	Level 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	el 3
Mutual funds U.S Government/ U.S. Agency Bonds - Fixed	\$	228,206	\$ 228,206	\$	-	\$	-
Income		233,753		233	3,753		_
		461,959	228,206	233	3,753		-
Money Market Funds		300,520	300,520				-
	\$	762,479	\$ 528,726	\$ 233	3,753	_\$	-

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 4 - Equipment

Equipment net of accumulated depreciation as of June. 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Description	Amount
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 15,373
Less Accumulated depreciation	-3,860
	\$ 11,513

For year ended June 30, 2014 depreciation expense totaled \$2,068.

Note 5 – Commitments

In March 2012, ACWA amended its operating lease for office space expiring on October 31, 2014. Rent is payable in equal monthly installments of \$3,223 plus certain operating expenses including storage, cleaning and any pass-through expenses determined by the landlord. As of June 30, 2014, the landlord holds a security deposit totaling \$5,300. For the year ended June 30, 2014, rent and occupancy related expenses totaled \$42,754.

On June 18, 2014, ACWA signed a letter of intent and subsequently signed a ten year for office space located in Washington, DC commencing on December 1, 2014 and terminating on November 30, 2024. Annual minimum rent under this office operating lease will be \$62,167. The lease contains provisions for rent escalations, payment of shared/common operating expenses and real estate taxes, lease termination options, leasehold improvements, etc.

Note 6 - Retirement Plan

ACWA maintains an IRC 457(b) plan (the Plan) covering substantially all employees. The Plan has allows for voluntary employee contributions. As of June 30, 2014, all employee contributions have been fully funded.

ACWA also maintains an IRC Section 401 Money Purchase Plan with The ICMA Retirement Corporation Governmental Money Purchase Plan and Trust. The Plan has no fixed matching percentage, however allows for discretionary employer contributions when approved by the Board of Directors. For the year ended June 30, 2014, total discretionary contributions to this plan were \$39,841. As of June 30, 2014, all approved discretionary pension contributions have been fully funded.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended June 30, 2014

Note 7- Contributed Services

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 958, in-kind contributions, if any, are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date the unconditional promise to give the asset is made and transfer of the asset is assured. In kind contributions are not included in the accompanying financial statements because the value of the donated services and materials cannot be objectively measured.

Note 8 – Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been updated through September 30, 2014. No events subsequent to June 30, 2014 through the issuance date were noted requiring adjustment to the year ended June 30, 2014 financial statements and/or disclosure.